

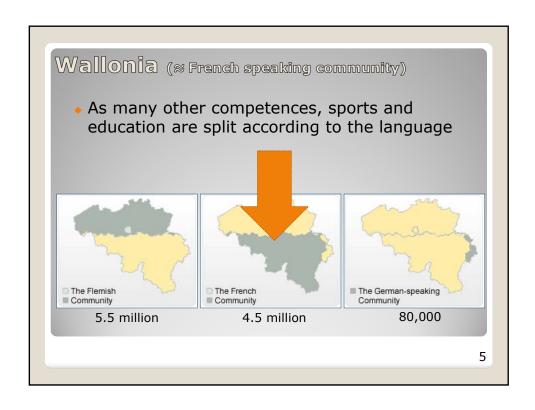
Three questions

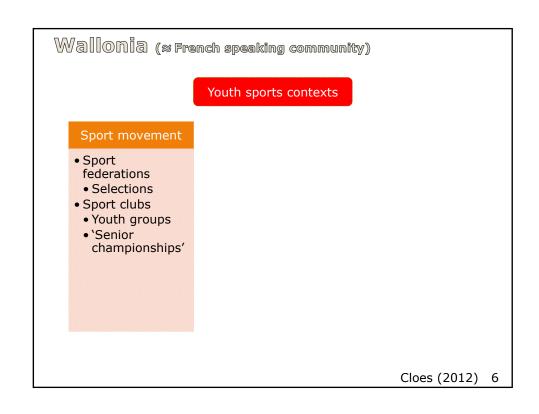
- Place of sport in Wallonian schools ?
- School sport and PE?
- Specific research topics ?

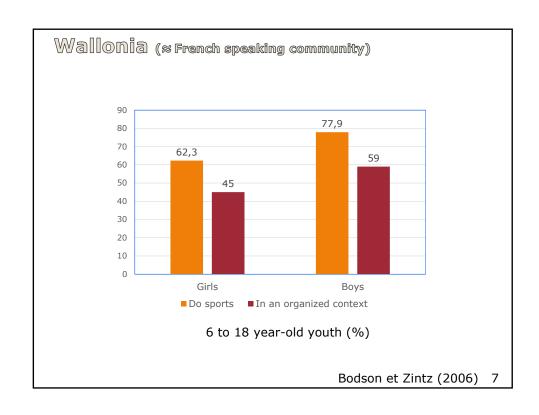


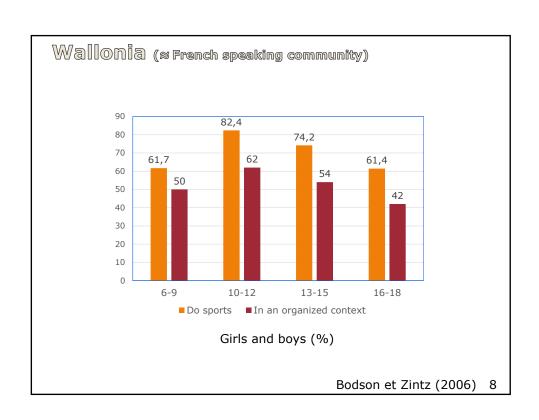


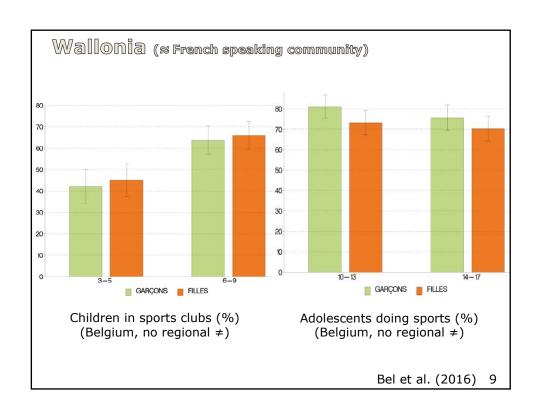


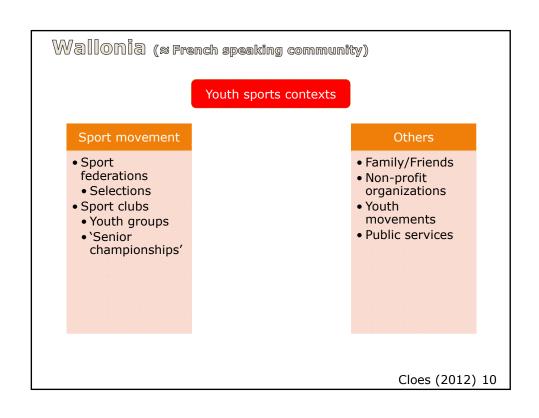












Wallonia (% French speaking community)

Youth movements

• +/- 21% of 6-18 year-old

Bodson et Zintz (2006)



• +/- 10% of the youth

Adin (2007)

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Wallonia (* French speaking community)

Youth sports contexts

Sport movement

- Sport federations
 - Selections
- Sport clubs
- Youth groups
- 'Senior championships'

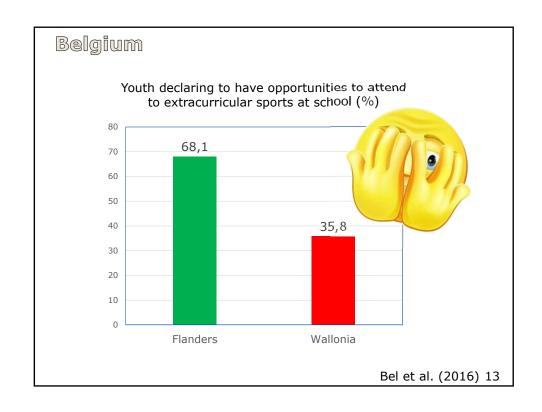
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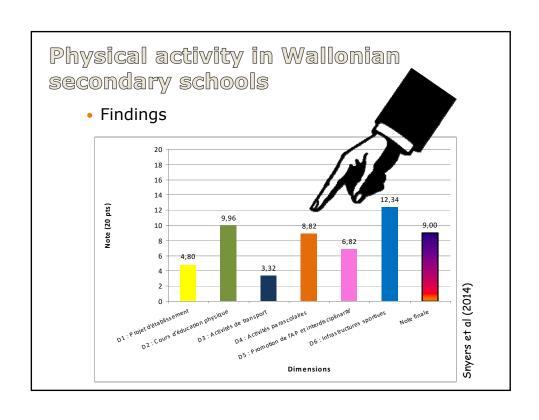
- Physical education
- Extra-curricular activities
- Organized by the school
- Organized by a school sport federation
- Organized by the sport administration

Others

- Family/FriendsNon-profit
- Non-profit organizations
- Youth movements
- Public services

Cloes (2012) 12



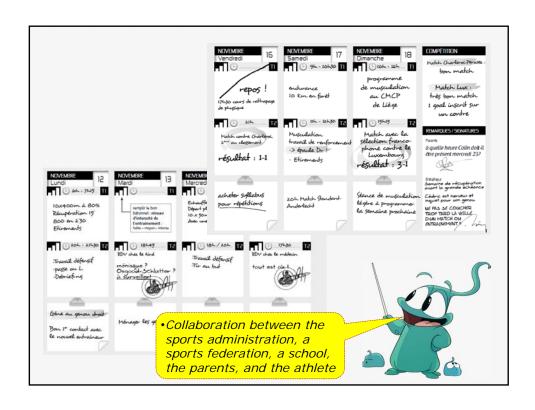








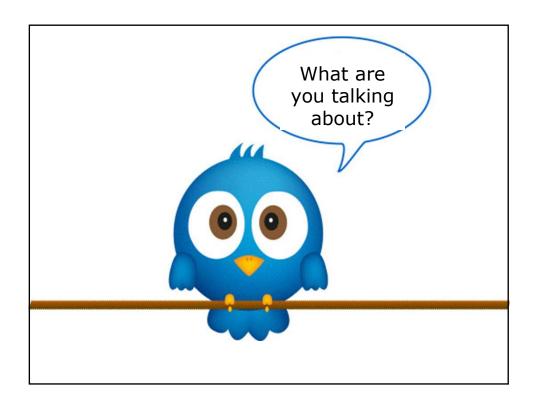












'La guerre des méthodes'

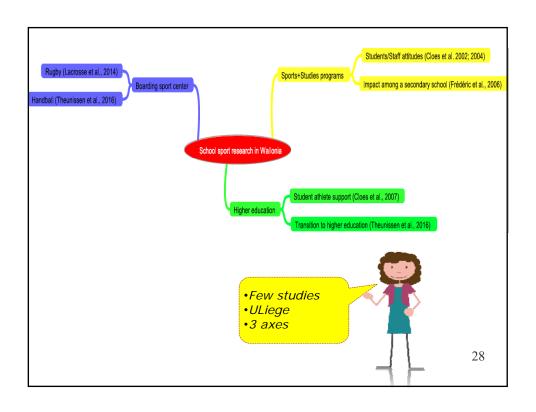
- Historical background
 - At the end of the 19th century
 - Sports against physical education
 - de Coubertin against Hébert
- The legacy
 - Education Vs Sports ministries and administrations
 - Relative lack of cooperation
 - Huge differences between the contexts of 'teaching'



The PE teachers' involvement

- PE teachers
 - Sports background
 - PE students 'love' sports
 - PE teachers change their educational objectives/behaviors according to the context
- The evolution
 - Between the 70' to the end of the 90' = involvement in 'unpaid' extracurricular sports activities for the students
 - Since that time = decrease of the participation to such activities
 - Less high skilled PE students in the programs => ???
 - Some groundwork of 'Sports' to enter into the School=> !!!

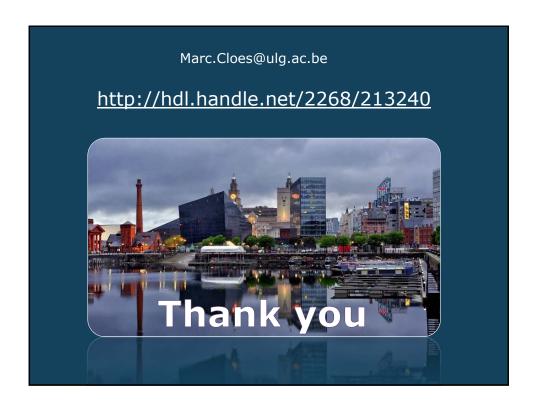






Four key messages

- School sport is not a priority in Wallonia
- PE teachers are not currently involved and they have excuses
- Collaboration Vs defiance about sports development in schools
- Lack of scientific data and practice grounded studies



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Pictures and illustrations:

- Slide #2 Question: http://www.faprod.com/article/les-bonnes-questions-a-poser-a-votre-future-agence-web/189
- Slide #3 Sport scolaire: https://www.valerie-fourneyron.fr/actualites/lunss-se-rejouit-des-mesures-de-simplification-du-certificat-medical-relatives-au-sport-scolaire.html
- Slide #5 Maps of the federal state: https://www.belgium.be/en/about_belgium/government/federale_staat/map
- Slides #19/20 Character: http://www.lelombard.com/actualites-news-bd/ecoles-bd-france,4296.html
- Slide #11 Youth movement: http://www.guides.be/
- Slide #13 Smiley: https://www.pinterest.com/sanner1959/smiley/
- Slide #14 Finger: https://masteri-villas.info/news/kid-pointing-finger-clip-art.html
- Slide #16 ADEPS: http://www.sport-adeps.be/
- Slide #22 Donald: http://www.chroniquedisney.fr/cartoon-07-donald/1942-parachutiste.htm
- Slide #23 Policy: http://www.missbhavenbooks.com/policies/
- Slide #27 Loupe : https://medicalisle.fr/devenez-franchise/bonhomme-loupe/
- Slide #29 Take home message : http://rebelem.com/topical-anesthetic-use-corneal-abrasions/





Analyse de la transition entre l'enseignement secondaire et l'enseignement supérieur chez les sportifs de haut niveau











- What proportion of TLAs enter higher education?
- What is the success rate of TLAs?
- What are their perceptions of the support offered?
- What are the gaps?
- What difficulties did they encounter during this school transition?
- What changes would they suggest to improve the system?

Theunissen, C., Meys, G., & Cloes, M. (2016). Encadrement du staff autour du double projet des sportifs dans un centre de formation en handball. *Revue de l'Éducation physique*, 56, 1/2, 20. Disponible sur Internet: http://orbi.ulq.ac.be/handle/2268/199016

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Methods

- Collaboration between ULiège and the General Administration of Sports (GAS)(in charge of the TLAs)
- List of TLAs graduated from 2d school (2010 to 2012)
- Phone contact in January-March 2014 (verification of details and proposing an online questionnaire - Lime Survey)
- 79 closed/open questions about 6 dimensions of the transition from secondary school to higher education (academic, sports, social, relational, medical, organizational)
- 103 usable answers out of 352 TLAs who were freshmen in 2012-2013 (34%)
- From 55 secondary schools
- 15 higher education institutions
- Mean age = 20 years (born in 1994)
- 68% of males

Findings

- · Academic aspects
 - 61% achieved their first year
 - 9% dropped out
 - 84% considered that combining school and sport was 'easier' at the secondary school level
- Sports aspects
 - 11% dropped out
 - 27% lost their TLA's statute
 - 43% mentioned that did not received information about the available supports
- · Health aspects
 - Two main difficulties (fatigue and nutrition)
 - Best health perception in secondary school level

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Findings

- Social/Relational aspects
 - Degradation when beginning higher education
 - Few relationships with other TLAs/GSA
 - Positive family environment familial
 - Too few relationships between academic and sport structures
 - Effective supports when proposed
- Various
 - 26% of the TLAs considered that participation to competitions is easier in higher education
 - 24% of them underlined that time management is more difficult in higher education

Suggestions

- · Implementation of a training in time management for TLAs
- Continuous multidisciplinary monitoring (administrative, guidance, support ...), through the setting up of a single support structure for all levels, including at least one person linking the various actors concerned, whatever the level of education and the institution
- Centralization of information using a website dedicated to the TLAs to which sports and academic structures would have an access



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ANALYSIS OF THE SUPPORT PROVIDED TO STUDENT-ATHLETES IN WALLONIA. THE CASE OF HIGHER EDUCATION









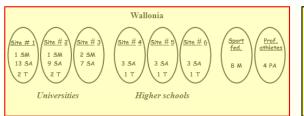
 University of Liège, Belgium
 University of Genève, Switzerland

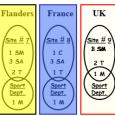
- Aims of the study
 - To highlight the working conditions of the Walloon studentathletes in higher education

Cloes, M., Lenzen, B., & Polis, A. (2007). Analysis of the support provided to student-athletes in Wallonia. The case of higher education. In, J.A. Diniz, F. Carreiro da Costa & M. Onofre (Eds.), Active lifestyles: The impact of education and sport. Proceedings of the AIESEP 2005 World Congress (pp. 85-92). Lisbonne: Faculdade de Motricidade Humana. Available on Internet: http://hdl.handle.net/2268/40305

Methods

- Using a qualitative approach, we conducted a survey across a number of sites interviewing University Sport Managers (SM), Student-Athletes (SA), Tutors (T), Coordinators (C), Members of Sport Federation (M) and Professional Athletes (PA)
- Each subject was interviewed face to face (excluding French subjects who were interviewed by phone), between 2003/11 and 2004/12

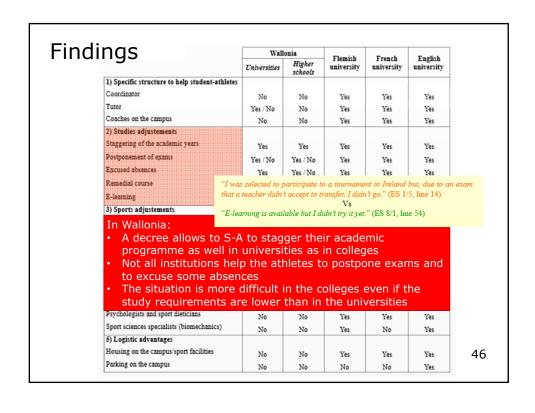




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ngs	Wall	lonia	Flemish	French	English
	Universities	Higher schools	university	university	university
1) Specific structure to help student-athletes					
Coordinator	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tutor	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Coaches on the campus	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2) Studies adjustements					
Staggering of the academic years	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Postponement of exams	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Excused absences	Yes	Yes / No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Remedial course	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
E-learning	No	No	No	Yes	No
3) Sports adjustements					
Priority for sports facilities" use	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Training on the campus	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Supervision by sports specialists	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Interest for university competitions	Yes / No	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes
4) Medical or paramedical advantages	107110	107110	110		- 10
Sport medicine specialists	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sport physiotherapist	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Psychologists and sport dieticians	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sport sciences specialists (biomechanics)	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
5) Logistic advantages		2.10			
Housing on the campus/sport facilities	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Parking on the campus	No	No	No	No	Yes

ngs	Wall	onia	Flemish	French	English
90	Universities	Higher schools	university	university	university
1) Specific structure to help student-athletes					
Coordinator	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tutor	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Coaches on the campus	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2) Studies adjustements					
Staggering of the academic years	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Postponement of exams	Yes / No	Yes / No	Yes	Yes	Yes
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In Wallonia: **Findings** A decree allows to S-A to stagger their academic programme as well in universities as in colleges Not all institutions help the athletes to postpone exams and 1) Specific struct to excuse some absences Coordinator S-A can never participate to training session on the campus Tutor even if they are allowed to use sometimes sport facilities for Coaches on the ca individual preparation (fitness training, for example) The interest toward university championships is low 2) Studies adjust Staggering of the Postponement of Other universities Excused absences An effort is carried out in to provide the best training conditions to the elite athletes. Remedial course E-learning No No Yes No No 3) Sports adjustements Priority for sports facilities' use Yes / No No Yes Yes Yes Training on the campus No No Yes Yes Yes Supervision by sports specialists Yes / No No Yes Yes Yes Interest for university competitions Yes / No Yes / No No Yes Yes 4) Medical or paramedical advantages Sport medicine specialists No No Yes Yes Yes Sport physiotherapist No No Yes Yes Yes Psychologists and sport dieticians Νo No Yes Yes Yes Sport sciences specialists (biomechanics) No No Yes No Yes 5) Logistic advantages Housing on the campus/sport facilities 47 No No Yes Yes Yes Parking on the campus No No No No Yes

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90	Universities	Higher schools	university	university	university	
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Tutor	Yes / No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Coaches on the campus	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2) Studies adjustements						
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